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**MATHEMATICS
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – SETS, RELATIONS AND GROUPS**

Monday 9 May 2011 (morning)

1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers must be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.

Please start each question on a new page. Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, e.g. if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

1. [Maximum mark: 18]

The binary operator multiplication modulo 14, denoted by $*$, is defined on the set $S = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$.

(a) Copy and complete the following operation table.

$*$	2	4	6	8	10	12
2						
4	8	2	10	4	12	6
6						
8						
10	6	12	4	10	2	8
12						

[4 marks]

(b) (i) Show that $\{S, *\}$ is a group.

(ii) Find the order of each element of $\{S, *\}$.

(iii) Hence show that $\{S, *\}$ is cyclic and find all the generators. [11 marks]

(c) The set T is defined by $\{x*x : x \in S\}$. Show that $\{T, *\}$ is a subgroup of $\{S, *\}$. [3 marks]

2. [Maximum mark: 7]

The universal set contains all the positive integers less than 30. The set A contains all prime numbers less than 30 and the set B contains all positive integers of the form $3 + 5n$ ($n \in \mathbb{N}$) that are less than 30. Determine the elements of

(a) $A \setminus B$; [4 marks]

(b) $A \Delta B$. [3 marks]

3. [Maximum mark: 10]

The relation R is defined for $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ such that aRb if and only if $a^2 - b^2$ is divisible by 5.

(a) Show that R is an equivalence relation. [6 marks]

(b) Identify the three equivalence classes. [4 marks]

4. [Maximum mark: 11]

The function $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^+$ is defined by $f(x, y) = \left(xy^2, \frac{x}{y} \right)$.

Show that f is a bijection.

5. [Maximum mark: 14]

(a) Given that p, q and r are elements of a group, prove the left-cancellation rule, i.e. $pq = pr \Rightarrow q = r$.

Your solution should indicate which group axiom is used at each stage of the proof. [4 marks]

(b) Consider the group G , of order 4, which has distinct elements a, b and c and the identity element e .

(i) Giving a reason in each case, explain why ab cannot equal a or b .

(ii) Given that c is self inverse, determine the two possible Cayley tables for G .

(iii) Determine which one of the groups defined by your two Cayley tables is isomorphic to the group defined by the set $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$ under multiplication of complex numbers. Your solution should include a correspondence between a, b, c, e and $1, -1, i, -i$. [10 marks]